

## The penny drops

POLITICS often generates more heat than light, and western attitudes towards the Arab-Israeli conflict are more often than not shaped by misinformation, raw emotion and vestigial cold-war considerations.

Thus it comes as a particularly pleasant surprise to read excerpts from the report of an all-party committee of the British House of Commons, which concludes, inter alia, that "a solution of the Palestinian problem has become an absolute priority" and that, while the West seeks to reassure the states of the Gulf and Middle East of its willingness to help them to resist aggression, an "over-reliance on bases, alliances and military power could be counterproductive."

In the report, issued after four months of hearings initiated in the wake of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, the 11-member House foreign affairs committee has courageously grasped some very thorny nettles indeed.

Looking at the issue which prompted the study, the report concludes that there is no evidence that the invasion of Afghanistan was part of an overall Soviet "grand strategy" to influence the Gulf states or to threaten western oil supplies. That is a refreshing analysis, given the normal diet of alarmism served up in the western press and at official briefings in London or Washington.

Predictably—and we would not criticise them for this—the Commons all-party panel view things from the perspective of western interests and conclude that the West's credibility, as much as its actual military preparedness, must be maintained. In the committee's view, this means that "the need to work for continuing good relations with the states of the area and to help to maintain the security and stability of the Gulf and access to its oil resources had become all the more imperative." But what is interesting is that the committee report, unlike the utterances, say, of U.S. Defence Secretary Harold Brown, does not insist that this must be done by bludgeoning the Gulf states with warnings of threats to their own security and following this up by sending an aircraft carrier steaming up the Gulf.

Since the Commons committee concludes that, in demonstrating "great discretion and vigilance" in relations with the Gulf and other Middle East states, the West must recognise that a solution of the Palestinian problem is an "absolute priority," it would appear that the penny has dropped in the collective minds of the committee about the relationship between security and stability on the one hand and peace with justice in the immediate Arab-Israeli arena on the other.

This is a connection that the western powers have hitherto been slow to make. We haven't read the Commons report in full yet, and we wonder if a connection is also made between the concerns of the Arab and other Islamic states with regard to the ever-present Israeli aggression compared with the West's well-published concerns about the Soviet Afghan intervention. If a specific reference isn't actually there, we think we detect signs of such a realistic analysis in the committee's conclusions about priorities in the Middle East. And that is a most encouraging sign.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

**AL RA'I:** It seems that the local autonomy talks are about to be frozen for some time. This can be seen in the light of the Egyptian president's decision to suspend the negotiations following Israel's formal annexation of Arab Jerusalem.

This should not, however, be taken as proof of the Egyptian regime's innocence in the affair. Israel's aggressive steps against the holy city, the swallowing up of Palestinian land under the occupation and the negotiations themselves are all traceable to the Camp David process, against which the Arabs have continually warned, telling the Egyptian regime not to be led on by it.

Thus, the freezing of these negotiations is not in itself a sufficient response to the Israeli danger in Arab Jerusalem. In order to face the truth, the Egyptian regime must revise its policy which has deviated from the Arab path and Egypt is called upon to reconsider the Camp David accords in which President Anwar Sadat got bogged down, especially that Israel does not want to complete its withdrawal from Sinai until after the completion of the local autonomy talks, that is after the unconditional surrender of the Egyptian regime to all Israeli ambitions.

**AL DUSTOUR:** Balanced Arab political activity at the regional and international levels must constitute a concerted effort that should be directed at crystallising a unified Arab stand with regard to all issues and developments which are pushing the Middle East towards devastating confrontation.

At the international level, His Majesty King Hussein, during his recent European tour, has aimed at convincing Europe to take positive and effective action on the chronic crisis in the region and to translate this action into a genuine initiative to fill the vacuum.

At the regional level comes the visit by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein to Saudi Arabia which aims to overcome Arab differences.

The dangers surrounding the Arab World from all directions — mainly the devastating Zionist danger which daily swallows Arab land — cannot be overlooked. Statements alone are not enough; this requires a practical pan-Arab drive that will come out to the world with a unified stand.

How would Arabs expect their friends to support their rights and causes while they are engaged in side differences among themselves, and heading in different directions?

A formulation of a solid unified Arab stand should be attained and the proper atmosphere should be prepared to make the forthcoming Amman summit a successful meeting capable of realising the aspirations and ambitions of the Arab World.

# UNRWA to get additional \$3.2 million from U.S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6 — The United Nations Relief and (Special)—The U.S. government will contribute an additional \$3.2 million (UNRWA).

This amount, which is above the pledged \$52 million U.S. contribution for 1980, is intended to help the agency reduce its budgetary deficit, especially in the education programme.

The relief agency's financial problems have arisen because its budget for 1980 is \$211.5 million and its anticipated income was \$155.2 million, leaving a deficit of approximately \$56.3 million. Recent contributions from Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and other countries have reduced the deficit to about \$40 million.

The relief agency sought to reduce parts of its mandated services—education, health, and relief. But it could not further reduce basic health care because of the threat of epidemics; relief services have already been reduced to the point that they cater only to hardship cases. Education is the only service which could be considered for further reductions.



Mr. Olof Rydbeck, UNRWA Commissioner General, is the only service which could be considered for further reductions.

United Nations for additional contributions, and has decided upon certain economies, the most significant of which was the decision to close the agency's education systems in Jordan and Syria if sufficient funds were not forthcoming.

This move would have affected 133,000 pupils in Jordan, 45,000 in Syria, and 3,500 teachers in Jordan and 1,360 in Syria. The agency had planned to send termination notices to the affected teachers on the first of June.

However, five governments have made supplemental contributions—Iraq with \$5 million, Saudi Arabia with \$5 million, Kuwait with \$1.5 million, Norway with \$123,000, the United States with \$3.2 million, Japan with \$1 million, the United Arab Emirates with \$400,000 and Italy with \$210,000.

## Government to lend Amman JD 1m for road repair work

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — Amman Municipality will receive a JD 1 million loan from the government to help finance its current repair and resurfacing projects on roads and streets, according to a cabinet decision taken today.

Speaking in a television interview last night, Amman Mayor Mr. Isam Ajlouni expressed satisfaction with the work so far done on the streets.

He said the municipality will shortly issue development bonds worth JD 15 million to help it finance its various projects. The municipality's budget for the next fiscal year is expected to reach JD

18 million, the mayor said.

Asked about the municipality's schemes, he said that there are plans for increasing the number of rubbish trucks to collect 300 tonnes of rubbish in the city daily instead of 200, and that the municipality will launch a campaign, beginning in October, to rid the city of the rats still infesting several districts.

The municipality will set up "mini-municipalities" in Amman's districts which will be

charged with electing members of the city's municipal council, Mr. Ajlouni said.

He also proposed that the Traffic Department in Amman be placed under the direct control of the municipality instead of the Public Security Directorate. Also, the Public Transport Corporation should be the responsibility of Amman Municipality instead of the Ministry of Transport, with a view to easing the traffic problem in the city, the mayor suggested.

## Supply Ministry aims to expand capacity of Aqaba grain silos



Mayor Isam Ajlouni

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — The Ministry of Supply is raising funds to finance a project to enlarge the grain silos in Aqaba. Minister of Supply Jawad Anani said here today.

He told the Jordan News Agency that the enlarged silos can be used for commercial purposes other than storing grain.

Jordan's wheat needs in 1985 are expected to reach 600,000 tonnes of which 250,000 to 300,000 tonnes will be produced locally, and the rest will have to be imported and additional quantities stored, Dr. Anani said.

He explained that the existing silos in Amman and Aqaba have a

capacity of 50,000 tonnes each, and these should be expanded in order to meet the country's future needs. The maximum capacity of the two silos should be at least 400,000 tonnes, the minister added.

In addition, he said, another silo with a capacity of 120,000 tonnes can be built in the northern part of the country.

## Truck demolishes house, killing girl

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — A 15 year old girl was killed yesterday and her two sisters, aged 17 and 19, were injured at Yaraqa village in Balqa Governorate when a dump truck went off the road and hit their house, demolishing it completely.

The girl who died was sitting in the house's yard with the rest of the family when the accident occurred. A police spokesman said that four hours after the accident, a heavy crane was brought to the site by civil defence authorities and the truck was removed. This followed several unsuccessful attempts by the villagers to remove it by other means.

He said the accident was caused by the high speed at which the vehicle was moving, causing the driver to lose control.



Dr. Jawad Anani

## WHAT'S GOING ON

### Football

Jordan Football Cup Tournament: On Thursday, Al Wahdat vs. Al Bak'a at 9 p.m. at Al Hussein City stadium.

On Friday, Amman Club meets Ramtha at 4 p.m. in Al Hussein Youth City Stadium. Al Ahli vs. Faisali, 9 p.m., Al Hussein Youth City Stadium, and Al Hussein of Irbid vs. Al Jeel, 4 p.m., Irbid Municipality Stadium.

### Play

The Department of Culture and Arts, under the patronage of the Ministry of Culture and Youth and the Iraqi embassy, presents the play by Iraqi writer Mr. Yousef Alani "Al Muftah" (The Key). The thirteen-scene play, directed by Mr. Ahmad Shuqum, calls for abandoning reliance on others and advocates striving for a strong coherent Arab society capable of meeting the challenges currently confronting the Arab World. The play starts at 8:30 p.m. at the Department theatre and will run through August 8.

### Panel discussion

"Islam and the Universe" will be under discussion Thursday at University of Jordan Mosque, immediately after Al Asr prayer. Speakers: Dr. Mohammad Oqlah of the Shari'a Faculty and Dr. Ahmad Debbas and Dr. Ahmad Oqlah of the Faculty of Science.

### Variety Show

Singers George Sayegh and William Barakat will perform with the As'ad Khouri Band Thursday at the Roman amphitheatre at 8 p.m. Proceeds go to the Friends of the Deaf and Mute.

# OIC call for sanctions against Israel goes to Security Council

By Tara Bradford  
Special to the Jordan Times

UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 6 — The Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) has called for a special session of the United Nations Security Council to discuss an Israeli parliament vote on July 30 declaring a unified Jerusalem the "eternal capital" of the Zionist state.

Meeting in closed doors late last night, the OIC, which groups some 40 Islamic states, drafted a letter to the president of the Security Council, requesting convening the meeting as soon as possible.

The conference's permanent representative to the United Nations, Ambassador Yusef Sylla of Senegal, told the Jordan Times today that the Israeli annexation move deliberately flouted a Security Council resolution of June 30, 1980, urging that Israel stop pursuing policies and measures designed to affect the character and status of the holy city of Jerusalem. Ambassador Sylla said Paragraph VI of the resolution specified that the Security Council should convene in the event of Israel's non-compliance with the resolution.

Mr. Sylla confirmed press reports that the OIC will meet in special session, probably in Rabat, sometime within the next two weeks. He said the session will probably be chaired by King Hassan of Morocco, who is chairman of the OIC's Jerusalem Committee.

OIC Secretary General Habib Chatti, who will attend the Rabat meeting, cautioned in his July 22 address before the emergency session of the U.N. General Assembly that Israel, by using terrorist methods against the Arab citizens, had created a situation which is "changing the character of Islamic Jerusalem." Mr. Chatti said such measures required the use of urgent resolutions to put an end to the Israeli annexation efforts.

Mr. Sylla told the Jordan Times the OIC representatives will meet at the U.N. tomorrow morning to discuss a draft resolution to be considered for adoption by the Security Council in its special session, scheduled for Friday or Monday. He said he expected western members of the Security Council to join in support for a resolution condemning Israel's annexation of Jerusalem.

The draft would also declare the Israeli measures null and void and request that they be rescinded.

The text would have the Council reaffirm that the acquisition of territory by force was inadmissible, express deep concern over the Israeli Knesset's enactment of a basic law changing the status of Jerusalem, and affirm that this flagrantly violated the fourth Geneva convention.

The action constituted a serious obstruction to the achievement of a comprehensive, just and lasting peace and a threat to international peace and security, the resolution's authors said.

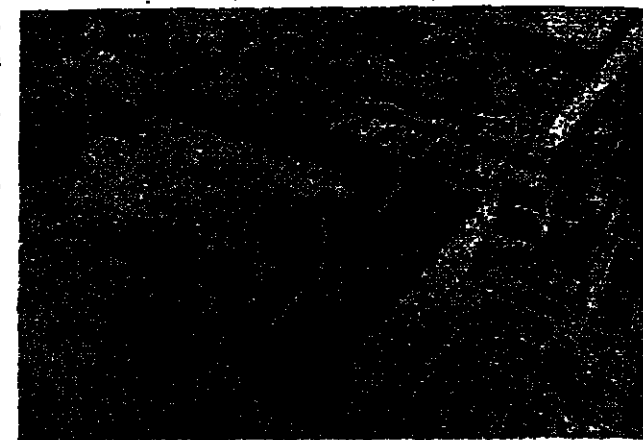
Article 41 of the U.N. Charter provides for the application of a broad range of coercive measures

against a transgressor state. "These may include," it states, "complete or partial interruption of economic relations, a rail, sea, air, postal, telegraphic, radio and means of communications, and the severance of diplomatic relations."

Three members of the Security Council Islamic states: Bangladesh, Niger and Togo. They were expected to sponsor the formal motion.

A Security Council commission, chaired by the U.N. Ambassador Leonardo Mathis established under Resolution 446 of 1979, examine the situation relating to settlement of the Arab territories occupied since 1967, in Jerusalem, presented a report on July 1979 exploring results of the Israeli Knesset session of June 28, 1967 to annex Jerusalem.

The report recounted such measures as a station of the Arab municipal court of Jerusalem, elimination of certain municipal services, and of all Israeli laws to Arab citizens, etc.



Aerial view of Al Aqsa Mosque and the excavations threatening the walls of the sanctuary.

of the education department and transfer Arab public schools to the authority of the Ministry of Education, issuance of Israeli identification cards to all inhabitants and recognition of Jerusalem's Islamic courts.

The report also recounted instances of forced exclusive use of currency, requirement of professional identification to register their names with Israeli professional associations and physical transfer to Jerusalem of several Israeli ministries departments.

The report said witnesses had informed commission that Israel's annexation measures also included demolitions of homes, shops, mosques, monasteries and schools, a total of buildings. The witnesses said this destroyed more than 7,400 residents (Arab) in the area. The same witnesses told the U.N. mission the Israelis had seized large parcels of Arab lands situated within the municipality of Arab Jerusalem.

The report outlined archaeological excavations which had been repeatedly condemned by UNESCO (the United Nations Educational and Cultural Organisation).

## Local News Briefs

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, today sent a cable to the President of the United Arab Emirates, Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, congratulating him on the anniversary of his assumption of his constitutional powers in the country.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — Her Highness Princess Haya Abdullah Al Hussein gave an Iftar banquet today for Amman Municipality workers in appreciation of their role in serving the capital and in keeping it clean and beautiful.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — An agreement has been concluded with an Austrian firm to supply Jordan with a stone crusher worth JD 800,000. Deputy Director of the Natural Resources Authority Ahmad Dakhqan said yesterday. Speaking upon returning from a visit to Vienna, Mr. Dakhqan said the crusher, which will have a productive capacity of 200 tonnes an hour, will be used by the Jordan General Mining Company. The crusher, to be installed east of Amman at a point between Marka and Ruseifa, should be able to help meet the growing demand for gravel in the construction industry, Mr. Dakhqan said.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — A spokesman for the Civil Defence Department has called on the owners of stores in the country to remove the strings of lights around their stores or hang them higher. He said the strings, which are usually used as decorative signs have caused several regrettable accidents during previous religious and national festivals.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — The cabinet today formed Jordan's delegation to the Arab ministerial committee meeting to be held in Tunis to study proposals and recommendations referred to it by the Arab Economic and Social Council, which met in Amman recently. The committee will make its own recommendations, which in turn will be referred back to the Economic and Social Council's ninth session to be held on Sept. 8. Jordan's four-member delegation will be led by Minister of Industry and Trade Ali Nsour.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — The government is sending a health delegation to Iraq next month for a visit and talks with Iraqi officials on scopes of cooperation in health-related matters. The delegation, which was formed by the cabinet today, is to be headed by Health Minister Zuhair Malhas.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — The cabinet today renewed for one more year the secondment of 295 Jordanian teachers working in Arab states. The teachers work in Qatar, the United Arab Emirates and Morocco in cooperation and coordination with the Jordanian Ministry of Education.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — The director of the trade development council of South Korea is due here on Aug. 17 for a three-day visit to Jordan. He will hold talks with government officials and Jordanian businessmen on trade between South Korea and Jordan. He will also look into Jordan's industry and trade.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — A total of 13 incidents occurred in Jordan yesterday, according to the Public Security Directorate. It said among these there were five road accidents, resulting in the deaths of four people and the injury of six others.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — The Director of the Department of Statistics, Dr. Burhan Shraideh, will leave for the United States tomorrow for visits to the population workshop at the University of North Carolina, the U.S. statistics centre and the U.S. Agency for International Development. During the visit, Dr. Shraideh will hold talks

on the possibility of conducting a statistical study on births and deaths in Jordan in 1981. He will also look into modes of classification analysis of stored programmes in computers working with people statistics.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — The Central Bank is working on amendment to the bank law which will better serve modern banks and financial institutions in Jordan. The amendment will deal the capital and activities of banks and commercial and financial centres, as well as credit facilities which the Central Bank grants commercial banks.

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — Seventy-two engineers, comprising first group of graduates from the Faculty of Engineering at the University of Jordan, took the official oath Tuesday night before Minister of Public Works, Mr. Ma'an Abu Nowar at the professional complex. Mr. Abu Nowar called on the graduates to pre the aesthetics of "our genuine architecture." The minister expected the graduates the ministry's readiness to employ them in departments, look into their demands and solve their problems. Other speakers during the ceremony were the president of Engineering Association, the dean of the Faculty of Engineering one of the graduates. The ceremony was sponsored by the Engineering Association.

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Oil paintings and etchings by Damascus artist Mamdouh Kachian are on view in Ebla Gallery in that city. Left, "Sisters of Deir Ez-Zor"; right, "Women of Deir Ez-Zor".

## Syrian music students seek excellence at Moscow institute

Special to the Jordan Times  
By Pat McDonnell

ASCUS—Home for the year of intensive study at the Tchaikovsky Conservatory of Music in Moscow are Syrian students, two of whom are Irfan Hanbali, 19, violinist, and Sahar Wadi, 22, pianist. They received their initial training at the Damascus Conservatory of Music where they are practising five hours a day before flying to Moscow.



Aspiring musicians home for the summer from the Moscow Conservatory of Music are (from left): Sahar Milhem, Irfan Hanbali and Hamza Wadi.

January, Irfan will perform in an international competition in Zagreb, Yugoslavia. What this is that the young virtuoso memorise selections of Bach, Paganini which he will be required to perform without the aid of sheet music.

Students tend to stick together, the Jordan Times asked. "Absolutely not," concurred Miss Milhem and Miss Wadi. "We do of course show slides of Syria sometimes, but the work schedule is such that there is no time to gather into homesick cliques," Miss Milhem said.

It was a big adventure and a big adjustment when I entered the conservatory," she continued. "I was the only Syrian there at the time and I was totally unprepared for the depth and content of the classes. The biggest challenge was the coursework which connected music with all the arts, particularly the history of music."

The responsibility to be a good pianist entailed," continued Miss Milhem, who began to study the piano at the age of 11. "No one in my family is musically inclined, but I excelled in the subject in Syrian schools. I taught myself to play an Arabic instrument by ear, then I pleaded with my parents to enter me in the Damascus Conservatory." (Upon acceptance, students receive free training at the conservatory.)

Miss Milhem is the oldest child in a large family, which could not afford to buy her a piano, but she studied at the conservatory and finally received the coveted scholarship to Moscow.

"I have no ambitions to perform on a concert stage; few students at the Moscow Conservatory have such high ambitions," she said. "The goal is to know music and know it well and to perpetuate it by being a good teacher."

Added Miss Wadi: "To teach

music is a beautiful thing. You create and at the same time, you give and take from your students." The daughter of Solhi Wadi, a composer and director of the Damascus Conservatory and Cynthia Wadi, a concert pianist, Hamza started musical lessons on the violin and switched to the piano at age 10. She has two more years of study at the Moscow Conservatory and already has participated in the 1975 Chopin competition in Warsaw and the 1980 Bach competition in Leipzig.

She is preparing for the Beethoven competition in Vienna, slated for June 1981. Preparing for a competition nearly one year in the future means practising Bach compositions five hours a day.

Hard work? Yes. But these dedicated students revel in it and they are planning individual recitals, which they will perform at Al Kabbani Hall in September before returning to Moscow.

## Quweilbeh survey locates another Decapolis city

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — A one-month archaeological expedition to Quweilbeh in Irbid Governorate has brought to light several important artefacts.

The Department of Antiquities, which carried out the project in cooperation with a St. Louis, Missouri theological seminary, said several decorated tombs, a Roman theatre, a church, quantities of pottery and bronze coins dating to the Roman and Byzantine eras were unearthed at the site.

According to the department, the site of Quweilbeh has now

been established as Abila, one of the Decapolis cities which prospered at the start of the first century A.D. in northern Jordan. Other Decapolis cities already identified include Amman (which was known as Philadelphia), Jerash (Gerasa), Umm Qais (Gadara) and Tabaqat Fahl (Pella).

The survey will be followed by a full-scale archaeological excavation to be carried out at the site in the near future, a department spokesman said.

The department also announced that another archaeological survey has been completed at the site of Tell Khalifah near Aqaba. The survey, conducted by the department in cooperation with a team from the Harvard University, was aimed at determining the history of Tell Khalifah which is believed to have been an important copper mining centre in the first millennium B.C.

A department spokesman said the survey has revealed that the site had prospered under the Persians, Greeks, Romans and Muslims.

## Drivers told to take care during 'Eid

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JT) — The Jordan Society for the Prevention of Road Accidents today issued an appeal to the public to take great care while driving cars during the coming 'Eid Al Fitr at the end of the month of Ramadan with a view to avoiding accidents. It said 111 Jordanians died in road accidents during 'Eid Al Fitr last year.

## TODAY'S WEATHER

It will be hot, with north-westerly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be north-westerly moderate and seas calm.

	Overnight	Daytime
Amman	19	35
Aqaba	26	40
Deserts	20	38
Jordan Valley	26	40

The high temperature in Amman on Wednesday was 35, while that in Aqaba was 40.

## Prince Hassan views military exercises...

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, this afternoon visited the Fourth Royal Mechanised Division. During the visit the Crown Prince acquainted himself with the division's training programmes and, early in the evening, he witnessed a target drill. Prince Hassan was entertained at Iftar with the soldiers.

Earlier today, the Crown Prince visited army headquarters and met with the Commander-in-chief of the armed forces, Lt. Gen. Zaid Ibn Shaker.



Above, His Highness Crown Prince Hassan visiting the Fourth Royal Mechanised Division. Below, the Regent with Commander-in-chief of the armed forces Lt. Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker.



## ...and visits Rifa'i

AMMAN, Aug. 6 (JNA) — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, today visited the house of former prime minister Zaid Rifa'i and expressed to him his condolences on the death of his mother, Mrs. Alya Al Rifa'i, who died at a hospital in London on Sunday. Mrs. Rifa'i's funeral took place in Amman today and the body was buried at the royal cemetery. Taking part in the funeral was Interior Minister Ali Bashir, representing the prime minister.

Syria's ambassador to Jordan also took part in the funeral as a representative of Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

## Palestinians step in...

(Continued from page 1)

with pro-Iraqi Baathists. The latest development in the Amal-Baathist warfare was the discovery last night of the bullet-riddled body of Imam Ali Badreddin, a Shi'ite clergyman who was abducted at gunpoint near his home village of Harif in southern Lebanon on Sunday.

Amal said in a statement that Badreddin's abduction and slaying were a blow directed against it and vowed to hunt down and punish the murderers.

Almost at the same time yesterday, an explosive charge ripped through the Beirut offices of the pro-Iraqi newspaper *Al Moharrer*, injuring five persons, police reported.

*Al Moharrer* ceased publication since its offices were attacked during the Lebanese civil war in 1976. Its editor, Mr. Walid Abu Dahr, moved to Paris to issue from the French Capital the pro-Iraqi Arabic language magazine *Al Watan Al Arabi*.

Leftist sources in Beirut blamed yesterday's blast on pro-Amal elements.

Meanwhile, renegade Muj. Saad Haddad, commander of the

south Lebanese Christian militias, today threatened to open a new offensive against Palestinian guerrillas if they continue to infiltrate his enclave, United Nations sources said.

Major Haddad met for an hour and a half today with Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, commander of the United Nations Interim Forces in Lebanon (UNIFIL), to discuss the deteriorating situation in the area.

Today, UNIFIL and the militias exchanged artillery fire in the central sector close to the village of Dibil, where four Dutch UNIFIL soldiers were yesterday held prisoner by Christian villagers.

The four were later released unhurt. The villagers captured them following the deaths earlier this week of two militiamen whose jeep struck a land mine believed planted by Palestinian guerrillas just outside the village.

The U.N. sources said Major Haddad threatened to shell populated areas in the region controlled by the guerrillas if the infiltration continued. General Erskine replied that UNIFIL had taken extensive measures to prevent incursions into its region by armed groups from all sides.

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# Economic News Briefs

## Iraq may increase oil supplies to Japan

TOKYO, Aug. 6 (R)--Iraq has told Japan it would consider requests by Tokyo for an increase in crude oil shipments here, trade and industry officials said yesterday.

Japan had asked for about 10 million tonnes a year, equivalent to 190,000 barrels per day (bpd), to be supplied under a government-to-government agreement, they said.

Japan now gets seven million tonnes of crude, or 133,000 bpd, from Iraq. Half of this is supplied under government-to-government arrangement.

The officials said Iraq did not indicate by how much shipments might be increased and when extra supplies would be sent to Japan.

## Agricultural extracts seen as substitute petrol

BONN, Aug. 6 (R)--West German could meet up to 10 per cent of its petrol needs with fuel extracted from home-grown agricultural products, according to a study commissioned by the technology ministry. The study, sees substitute petrol costing between DM 1.70 and DM 2.30 per litre to produce at present, compared to about DM 1.15 for normal-grade petrol.

Raw materials for producing the fuel, called ethanol, range from waste straw to grains, with optimal production from sugar beet, it notes.

## Turkey's trade deficit worsens by 25%

ANKARA, Aug. 6 (R)--Turkey's foreign trade deficit for the first half of this year was \$1.54 billion, 25 per cent higher than the deficit for the same period last year, according to preliminary figures from the state statistics institute.

Remittances by Turkish workers in Europe, vital for narrowing Turkey's payments gap, amounted to \$744 million in the first half of the year, 31 per cent down on the \$1.08 billion for the same period last year.

January-to-June exports this year amounted to \$1.26 billion. Imports cost \$2.8 billion. Exports for the first half of 1979 totalled

\$1.17 billion while imports amounted to \$2.4 billion.

At a meeting in Paris last month Western governments gave Turkey a five-year breathing space before it was to start paying its most pressing foreign debts as part of a financial rescue operation for its ailing economy.

## India abandons oil exploration policy

NEW DELHI, Aug. 6 (AP)--India is "throwing open" its doors to foreign oil drilling and exploration companies to meet the country's growing energy needs. Petroleum Minister Veerendra Patil said today. Mr. Patil told a parliamentary committee that the government also made this decision because it wants to reduce its import bill.

He said that foreign participation would be allowed in prospective oilfields located both on the mainland and offshore. The announcement indicates a major policy change for India which earlier stressed self-reliance in its oil exploration programmes.

Mr. Patil said that the foreign companies would collaborate with two Indian government oil exploring and producing agencies. The government has set aside 30 billion Indian rupees (about \$750 million) for oil exploration between 1980-85.

India produces about 16 million tonnes of oil annually. It imports another 22 million tonnes, mostly from the Middle East. Officials say that oil imports in 1979-80 cost the government about five billion dollars.

## Italy's wages rise by eight points

ROME, Aug. 6 (AP)--Italy's automatic wage escalator, which keeps the pace of inflation rates, rose 8 points in the three months ended in July, thus boosting wage of all Italian workers by 19.112 lire (\$ 22.91) a month for the August-October quarter.

The increase, adding 4.8 trillion lire (\$5.9 billion) to wage costs of Italian public and private employees, was decided by government experts on the basis of the cost of living index rises in the May-July period. By June Italy's inflation rate averaged 20 per cent on annual basis. The 8-point rise in the wage escalator was the second highest for the year, but four points lower than in the previous quarter.

## LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar	291.50/293.50
U.K. sterling	686.90/690.90
West German mark	164.60/165.60
Swiss franc	178.50/179.60
Italian lire	
(for every 100)	34.80/35.00
French franc	71.00/71.40
Dutch guilder	151.00/151.90
Swedish crown	70.20/70.60
Belgium franc	102.80/103.40
Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	129.00/129.80

## Kuwait cuts price of butane gas

KUWAIT, Aug. 6 (AP)--Kuwait reduced the price of its butane gas exports for the second time in less than a month, from \$322 to \$312 per ton, the official Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) reported today. The reduction will be retroactive to Aug. 1, the agency said. The butane price stood at \$332 per ton until last month when it was brought down to \$322 effective July 1. KUNA quoted unidentified Kuwait official sources as saying the reduction was in step with the lowering oil and gas prices in world markets.

## AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

Name of Company	Par Value	Number Traded	High	Low
Jordan Pipes Manufacturing Co.	JD 10,000	20	14,400	14,400
Jordan Lime and Silicate				
Brick Industries Co.	JD 5,000	140	5,400	5,350
Jordan Dairy Co.	JD 1,000	1411	1,300	1,300
Jordan Gulf Bank	JD 1,000	2720	1,530	1,530
Jordan-Kuwait Bank	JD 1,000	1545	2,210	2,210
Industrial Development Bank	JD 1,000	100	1,350	1,350
Islamic Bank	JD 1,000	19178	2,060	2,040
Cairo Amman Bank	JD 5,000	200	13,500	13,500
Dar Al Sha'ab	JD 1,000	380	0,920	0,920
Jordan Tanning Co.	JD 5,000	165	10,000	9,900
Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural Co.	JD 1,000	225	3,120	3,120
Arab International Hotels Co.	JD 1,000	1500	0,920	0,920
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Co.	JD 5,000	78	26,850	26,850
Jordan Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	50	1,900	1,900
Irbid District Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	50	1,050	1,050
Real Estate Finance Corporation	JD 2,000	60	6,100	6,100
Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan)	JD 10,000	500	10,050	10,050
Jordan Cement Factories Co.	JD 10,000	105	18,700	18,700
Jordan Glass Factories Co.	JD 1,000	1730	0,770	0,770
Jordan Phosphate Mines Co.	JD 1,000	500	3,200	3,200
Jordan Petroleum Refinery Co.	JD 5,000	773	9,200	9,130
National Steel Industry	JD 1,000	1500	2,090	2,090

Total Volume Traded on Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1980: JD 69,878

Total number of shares traded: 34,675

## Government Development Bonds

Total Volume Traded on Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1980: JD 506

Total number of bonds traded: 50

Year of Maturity	Par Value	Number Traded	Volume Traded	High	Low
1988	JD 10,000	30	306	10,200	
1989	JD 10,000	20	200	10,000	

## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Aug. 6 (R)-- Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the close of trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling	2.3740/55	U.S. dollar	
One U.S. dollar	1.1560/63	Canadian dollar	
	1.7680/90	West German mark	
	1.9305/20	Dutch guilders	
	1.6385/6400	Swiss francs	
	28.27/29	Belgian francs	
	4.0960/80	French francs	
	836.43/85	Italian lire	
	225.30/45	Japanese yen	
	4.1525/35	Swedish crowns	
	4.8585/95	Norwegian crowns	
	5.4785/4800	Danish crowns	
One ounce of gold	626.50/627.50	U.S. dollars	

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Aug. 6 (R)-- Government bonds were sharply lower in moderate trading following the U.K. banking figures released yesterday while equities were also under a dealer's hand. At 1500 the FT index was down 7.5 to 477.4.

Longer dated bonds showed losses of over 2 1/2 points, while short dated were over a point lower, dealer added. Elsewhere, Hoover dropped 2 1/2 p to 144p after results and the lower dividend payment. Smith Bros shed a penny at 58p after earnings figures.

U.S. and Canadian shares were quiet in quiet trading with IBM down 25p at 127.25.

GEC fell 12p to 44p while ICI, Ethel, and John Brown and ICI were between 5p and 5p lower. Tube Investments fell 2p, after 6p earlier, following results.

Reed International, Claxton, Hawker Suddley, Plessey, and Fison were between 2p and 4p lower though Tate was 2p higher against the trend at 140p.

Taylor Woodrow was 2p lower at 40p after the results announced yesterday.

## FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, AUG. 7, 1980

## YOUR DAILY Horoscope

from the Carroll Righter Institute

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** You have a good chance now to improve conditions at your residence which has proved difficult to do in the past. Don't force any issues with family members at this time.

**ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)** Study your home well and get rid of whatever has become obsolete and not functional. Plan how to gain your aims.

**TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)** Making changes in routines now can bring increased efficiency and produce more. Take no risks with your reputation.

**GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)** Study your financial status and know how to improve it ethically right now, so you can be more affluent in the future.

**MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21)** Don't tolerate persons you know who are detrimental to your best interests. Show that you have spunk.

**LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21)** You need to be more involved today so that you know where you are headed. You can make fine plans for the future.

**VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)** Look to a close tie for on how to gain a cherished wish. Attend a group affair the evening and show you have poise.

**LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)** Follow your inclinations where worldly matters are concerned and get excellent results. Postpone business affairs in afternoon.

**SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)** You get good ideas for a practical and imaginative friend which you should put operation as soon as possible.

**SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)** You can easily fill those promises you have made if you get an early start. Curb your temper at all times today.

**CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)** Find the best way of pleasing your associates for mutual benefit. This can particularly time day for you.

**AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)** You have much to ahead of you, and if you are not sure about some of it, fer with experts. Be logical.

**PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)** Talking over long-term goals with associates could prove beneficial in the future. Handle business matters wisely.

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FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, AUG. 8, 1980

YOUR DAILY  
**Horoscope**  
from the Carroll Righter Institute

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Use tact instead of forcefulness with co-workers and accomplish a lot more. Discuss future with financial experts.

**TAURUS** (Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't waste time with wrong persons today. Go to the right source for valuable information you need.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 21) A financial arrangement may be annoying in the morning but solve it wisely and make better plans for the future.

**MOON CHILDREN** (June 22 to July 21) Take steps to improve your health and appearance and then go after our most cherished desires.

**LEO** (July 22 to Aug. 21) A secret worry should be forgotten now and later you can easily resolve the matter. Adopt a logical outlook on life.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Contact friends you have not seen in a long time and deepen the relationships. Enjoy the social side of life tonight.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Strive to have increased harmony with family members. Bring your talents to the attention of higher-ups and gain their support.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You may find it hard to let up out of that convenient rut you are in early in the day, but later you can do so easily.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Don't neglect duties you have assumed and discharge them with true efficiency. Maintain a cheerful manner.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study what close ties exist of you during the day and then try to please them in the evening. Avoid trouble.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Try to enlist the help of loyal friends for a new project you have in mind. Avoid one who is a gossip.

**PISCES** (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Contact congenials for recreational purposes since you are in need of fun. The evening can be especially happy for you.

**(Alternate) Olympic Games roundup**

ROME, Aug. 6 (AP) -- Karl-Hans Riehm of West Germany pulled the first up here last night by beating Olympic champion and world record holder Yuri Sedykh of the Soviet Union in the hammer throw in the opening event of the Golden Gala track meet at the Rome Olympic Stadium.

Riehm came to within two centimetres of his West German record and won with 80.78 metres in his fourth throw. Sedykh, whose Olympic throw of 81.80 last week in Moscow gave him the world record, was second with 80.54.

The 19-country meet, featuring 13 Moscow Olympic champions, is billed as a revenge for the teams who boycotted the games, such as the United States, West Germany, Japan, Canada and Kenya, all here with strong teams.

Two other West Germans followed in the hammer standings. Klaus Ploghaus was third with 77.60 and Manfred Huenning fourth with 77.04. Marian Woronin of Poland and Herman Panzo of France, two finalists in the Moscow 100 metres, were eliminated in the heats here. The finalists were seven Americans and James Gilkes of Guyana.

Olympic champion Vera Komissova of the Soviet Union won the women's 100 metres hurdles in 12.39 seconds, the second fastest time ever for the distance, just three one-hundredths of a second off the world record of Grazyna Rabsztyk of Poland. The Polish veteran was second in 12.56. Another Pole, Lucyna Langer was third in 12.60 and Stephanie Hightower of the United States was fourth in 12.91.

Greg Foster won an all-American 110-metre hurdles. He was timed in 13.51 seconds, beating Tony Campbell, 13.58, and veteran Rod Milburn 13.81.

Stan Floyd of the United States, undefeated this year in the men's 100 metres, dominated the final of the race in 10.20 seconds, leading an American sweep of the event. Carl Lewis was second in 10.23 and Mel Lattany third in 10.25.

None of the Olympic medalists were present at the meet. Alan Wells of Britain won the gold medal in Moscow in 10.25 seconds.

There was a big disappointment in the women's dash when Olympic champion Ludmila Kondratyeva of the Soviet Union failed to start because of a pulled leg muscle. Angela Taylor of Canada won the race in 11.27 seconds, ending Natalya Bochina of the Soviet Union 11.29 and Alice Brown of the United States 11.36.

Harold Schmid of West Germany won the men's 400 metres in 45.17 seconds, clearly dominating Olympic champion Viktor Markin of the Soviet Union. Billy Konchella of Kenya was second in 45.55 and Mark in third 46.01 followed by leading American quarter-milers Bill Mullins, 46.11, and Willie Smith 46.16.

James Maina of Kenya won a slow men's 800 metres in 1:47.50. He beat two Americans, James Robinson, 1:47.59 and Don Poige, 1:47.67.

Thierry Vigneron of France won the pole vault, clearing 5.70 metres, beating Olympic champion and world record holder Wladislaw Kovalevich of Poland. Vigneron made three tries at a world record of 5.80, just missing on the first but clearly faded on the others. Kovalevich had won in Moscow with 5.78. He settled for second place with 5.50 here, and Tom Hintnaus of the United States was third with 5.40.

Ben Plucknett of the United States upset heavy favourite Mac Wilkins of the United States, to win the men's discus with 67.00 metres. Wilkins was second with 66.60. Trailing the two Americans was Knut Hjeltnes of Norway, 63.92.

World record holder and Olympic champion Pabyna Kazanka of the Soviet Union shook off a fast start by Mary Decker of the United States and went on to win the women's 1,500 metres in 3:58.9 minutes. Gabriella Doria of Italy was second, 3:59.82, and Decker faded to third place, 4:03.15.

Omar Kalisa of Sudan won the men's 1,500 in 3:38.02 minutes. Helder De Jesus of Portugal, was second in 3:38.35 and Francis Gonzales of France third, 3:38.43.

Kip Koskey of Kenya dominated the 5,000 metres in 13:38.1. Fernando Mamede of Portugal was second, 13:38.5.

Olympic champion and world record holder Sara Simeoni of Italy once again dominated the women's high jump, clearing 1.98 metres. The Italian, who holds the world record at 2.01, tried 2.0 for the fourth time in her career but missed her three tries.

Moscow silver medalist Ursula Kielan of Poland was second, Debbie Brill of Canada third and Louise Ritter of the United States fourth, all at 1.91 with the standings based on fewer misses.

Edwin Moses led an American sweep of the 400-metre hurdles in 48.51 seconds. Jim Walter was second at 48.82 and David Lee third in 49.67. Moscow silver medalist Vasily Arkhipenko of the Soviet Union failed to start.

Kip Rono of Kenya won the 3,000-metre steeplechase in 8:12.0 minutes after Olympic champion Bronislaw Malinowski of Poland dropped out of the race. Mariano Scartezani of Italy was second, 8:12.5, and Hilary Tuvel of Kenya third, 8:22.4.

Dietmar Moegenberg of West Germany won the men's high jump with 2.30 metres, then missed three tries at 2.36, the current world record held by Olympic champion Gerd Wessig of East Germany.

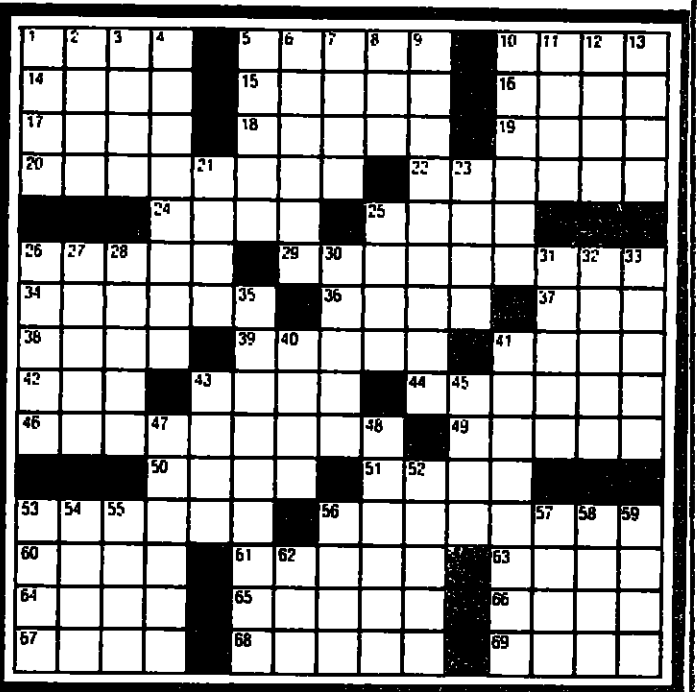
Olympic champion and world record holder Pietro Mennea of Italy won the last event of the evening, the men's 200 metres in 20.01 seconds.

**THE Daily Crossword** by Judson G. Trent

ACROSS	36 Food	51 Medieval	13 Social
1 Gang	37 Start of	Teutonic	hours
5 Shady place	a KO count	estate	21 Kind of gin
10 Huntley	38 Protective	53 Green	23 Filling aids
14 Celebrity	spray of	server	25 Semitic
15 Silly ones	a kind	56 Upsetting	delity
16 Bern's	39 Historian	60 Assist in	26 A Montague
river	Alice	crime	27 Cremona
17 Caissou	41 Canadian	61 Rounded	artisan
18 In the van	Indian	moldings	28 Tourist
42 "E" for	Euclides	63 "by the	sticker
birthplace	43 Delhi	papers	30 Uncanny
20 Sports car	dress	64 Racing	31 A pole
22 Crossings	44 Fan	65 One who	32 Use a
24 Kind of	46 Jalopy,	years	prie-dieu
bargaining	usually	66 Standard	33 Haruspices
26 Pummel	49 Comedian	67 Rifle	35 Signs of
28 CB, for one	Mort and	sight	sorrow
29 Irish fuel	family	68 Out at the	40 Italy
source	50 Church	elbows	41 Anthracite
34 Egg dish	calendar	69 Slaughter	source

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

ACROSS	DOWN
1 SCORCH	1 SCORCH
2 SAN --	2 SAN --
3 COLUMBINE	3 COLUMBINE
4 SOURCE OF	4 SOURCE OF
5 TYPE SIZE	5 TYPE SIZE
6 PILE AGAIN	6 PILE AGAIN
7 MALT DRINK	7 MALT DRINK
8 A JOHNSON	8 A JOHNSON
9 HUNTER'S	9 HUNTER'S
10 PER --	10 PER --
11 AVE	11 AVE
12 GAELIC	12 GAELIC



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**GOREN BRIDGE**

BY CHARLES H. GOREN  
AND OMAR SHARIF  
© 1980 by Chicago Tribune

either vulnerable. South

**NORTH**  
♦ KQ105  
♥ KJ7  
♦ J943  
♠ A7

**EAST**  
♠ 86  
♥ J432  
♦ 8542  
♠ 108  
♥ 765  
♦ J632  
♠ K8

**SOUTH**  
♦ 97  
♥ AQ10  
♦ AKQ2  
♠ J9554

Leading:  
♠ West North East  
Pass 1 ♦ Pass  
♠ Pass 3 NT Pass  
♠ Pass

winning lead: Three of ♠.

Before playing to the first trick, declarer should pause and ask himself these questions: 1) From what holding is the opening lead made? Is there any adverse distribution that will ruin my contract? 2) If so, what can I do to counter it? Failure to follow this ritual could result in South, declarer at three no trump, going down in a contract which is ironclad. The bid was routine. With a minimum opening and shortness in partner's suit, one no trump was a natural rebid. Making a full opening bid, a balanced hand and stoppers in every suit, North's jump to three no trump was a

foregone conclusion. West made a normal lead of the fourth-best of his longest suit. To those players who have been drilled in holdup plays, following with a low card from dummy at trick one is so automatic that they don't even stop to think. It is also wrong! East will win and knock out the ace, and when West gets in with the ace of spades, he will take three more club tricks for down one.

Proper technique calls for the play of the ace of clubs at the first trick. That conclusion can be reached by very simple logic. Just answer the questions we posed above. "What holding will defeat my contract?" The answer is five clubs and the ace of spades in one hand. If West has only four clubs, the defenders can get no more than three club tricks and the ace of spades.

"From what is West leading?" One thing is sure—he cannot be leading from the K-Q-J, for with that holding, he would have led the king. So East definitely has one of the honors. If West does have five clubs—the only threat to a doubtless club honor. "What can I do to counter that?" Rise with the ace of clubs at trick one. If East holds on to his club honor, he blocks the suit. If he jettisons the king under the ace, declarer's ten-nine of clubs becomes a second stopper. That holds true regardless of whether East's club honor is the king, queen or jack.

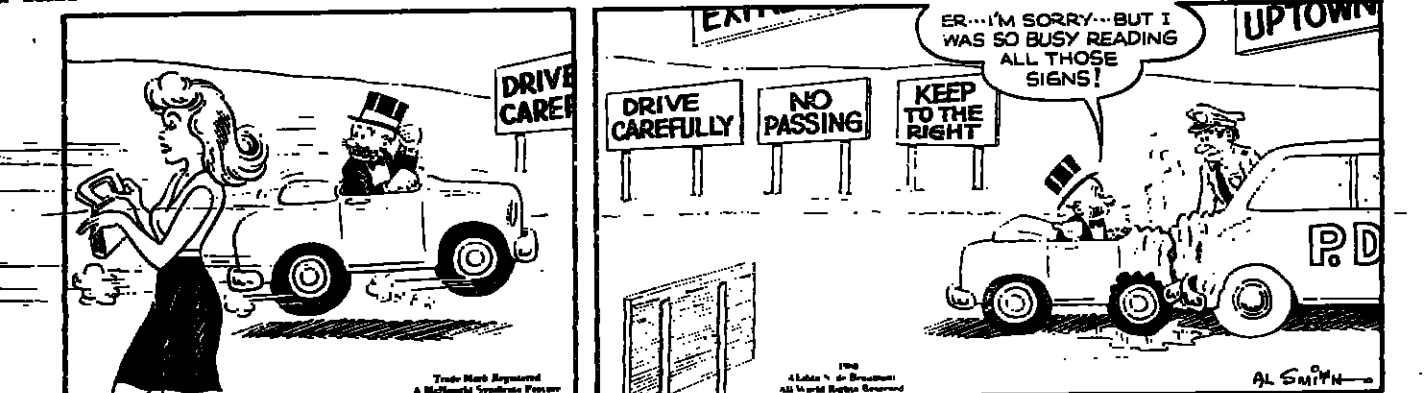
**Peanuts**



Andy Capp



Mutt 'n' Jeff



**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE**

**The Thursday Quiz**

Prepared for the Jordan Times by Mary David

What is the name of the coveted cinema awards (made annually by the U.S. motion picture industry) for the best film, best actor, best producer, etc.?

It is known that most of the major planets possess moons or satellites. How many moons do Uranus, Saturn, Jupiter and Mars possess?

What is the French town whose chief industrial activity is the distilling of essences and which is famous for its perfumes?

Are there any red or blue daffodils?

Where did lawn tennis have its beginning?

What are the Stradivari violins?

What is the name of the French poet and novelist who is counted among the great figures of world literature and who wrote *Les Misérables*?

Who was the inventor of the telephone?

Who composed the opera *Norma*?

What is the world's best-known blue cheese which is trademarked and which is made from ewes' milk?

(Answers upside-down below)

1) Oscars. Each Oscar is a gold-plated statue. 2) Uranus 9, Jupiter 12 and Mars 2. 3) Gonesse. 4) Daffodils are yellow. 5) In England. 6) The Stradivari violins were made in Cremona, Italy. 7) Alexander Graham Bell. 8) The Italian composer Vincenzo Bellini. 9) *Les Misérables*. 10) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 11) The French town of Grasse. 12) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 13) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 14) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 15) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 16) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 17) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 18) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 19) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 20) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 21) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 22) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 23) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 24) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 25) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 26) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 27) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 28) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 29) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 30) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 31) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 32) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 33) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 34) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 35) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 36) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 37) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 38) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 39) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 40) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 41) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 42) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 43) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 44) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 45) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 46) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 47) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 48) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 49) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 50) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 51) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 52) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 53) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 54) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 55) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 56) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 57) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 58) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 59) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 60) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 61) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 62) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 63) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 64) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 65) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 66) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 67) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 68) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 69) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 70) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 71) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 72) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 73) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 74) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 75) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 76) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 77) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 78) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 79) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 80) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 81) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 82) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 83) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 84) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 85) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 86) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 87) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 88) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 89) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 90) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 91) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 92) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 93) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 94) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 95) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 96) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 97) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 98) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 99) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo. 100) The French poet and novelist Victor Hugo.

**JORDAN TELEVISION**

CHANNEL 3	
5:30	Korax
5:45	Cartoons
6:00	Children's programme
6:25	Arabic programme
6:45	Religious programme
7:00	Ramadan's puzzle
7:10	Arabic comedy series
8:00	News in Arabic
9:30	Religious programme
9:35	Arabic series
9:45	Arabic feature film
1:00	News in Arabic
CHANNEL 6	
6:30	French Programme
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
8:30	The Mapper Show
9:10	The Angels
9:15	News in English
9:15	Movies of the Week
"Tell them Billy Bay is here"	



## While state visit of Machel continues Mugabe's no. 3 questioned on murder of white farmer

**SALISBURY, Aug. 6 (Agencies) --** Plain-clothes police questioned Zimbabwe cabinet minister Edgar Tekere at his home today in connection with the murder of a white farmer two days ago.

But there was no immediate official statement on whether Mr. Tekere, manpower, planning and development minister and number three in Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's ZANU-PF (Zimbabwe African National Union - Patriotic Front), would be charged.



Robert Mugabe

Police interviewed Mr. Tekere twice yesterday and, at one stage, cordoned off his home.

A police statement said he was being questioned in connection with investigations into the killing of farmer Mr. Gerald William Adams, 68, at his farm just south of Salisbury on Monday.

A witness to the shooting said the farm had been attacked by a large group of men.

He told reporters today that Mr. Adams had been shot through the back.

The incident seemed certain to embarrass Mr. Mugabe's government, overshadowing a state visit by President Samora Machel of Mozambique that had been planned as a joyous celebration of Zimbabwe's independence from Britain last April 18. The two men were allies in the seven-year bush war in the former Rhodesia.

Mr. Mugabe and President Machel flew to Bulawayo,

south-western Zimbabwe, to continue the visit today as Mr. Tekere was being questioned.

Three car-loads of white police officers arrived at Mr. Tekere's home at 10 a.m. and went inside to question him. His bodyguards played football in the grounds of the white-painted bungalow.

At one point, Mr. Tekere came to the gate and asked reporters to go away. Asked whether he had been arrested, he replied: "No, no, I am just with my friends, the police."

In London two teenage nieces of Zimbabwe Finance Minister Enos Nkala have been refused

entry to Britain and are to be flown home tomorrow, the British Home Office announced today.

The girls, Chosen Nkala and Maxine Tshuma, both 19, have been at London's Heathrow airport immigration detention centre

at Harmondsworth since last Friday.

They first came to England in February and said they were planning to study, but they had no entry clearance, proof of acceptance at a college or proof of financial backing.

They were granted temporary admission, but then violated regulations by travelling to Ireland. Irish authorities deported them last Friday and they were detained when they arrived at Heathrow.

Home Office Minister of State Timothy Raison had been asked by an opposition Labour member of parliament, Mr. Robert Hughes, if the girls could stay.

But a Home Office spokesman said today: "The girls are being refused entry to Britain and arrangements have been made to fly them home tomorrow." He said it had been decided they were not bona fide students.

## Cypriots resume talks

**UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 6 (R) --** Intercommunal talks aimed at settling the long-standing Cyprus dispute will resume Saturday in Nicosia under U.N. auspices after a lapse of more than a year, it was announced here today.

A statement on behalf of Secretary General Dr. Kurt Waldheim said he was gratified by their imminent resumption and hoped the development would clear the way to progress on a just and lasting settlement.

The announcement said that substantive talks between the Greek and Turkish Cypriot sides would begin on Sept. 15.

A U.N. spokesman said he had the impression that Saturday's meeting would be a brief one. Mr. Hugo Gobbli, Dr. Waldheim's special representative, who was instrumental in getting the two

sides together, would make a statement.

The last time the two sides met was on June 22, 1979. Since then Dr. Waldheim and his aides have made repeated efforts to get the dialogue going again.

Each side blamed the other for the delay.

Today's announcement said the new talks would be within the framework of the secretary general's mission of good offices, entrusted to him by the Security Council, and on the basis of the high-level agreements reached on Feb. 12, 1977 and May 19, 1979.

Dr. Waldheim worked out a 10-point accord with President Spyros Kyprianou, the Cypriot head of state, and Mr. Rauf Denktaş, the Turkish Cypriot leader.

## India gets a snub from China

**NEW DELHI, Aug. 6 (Agencies) --** Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua has postponed indefinitely his visit to India scheduled later this year because he's "very busy," a Chinese embassy diplomat said today.

The official was commenting on a report in a local newspaper that Mr. Hua had decided not to come to India as "a diplomatic rebuff to this country."

The *Statesman* newspaper said that the cause for the Chinese move was India's decision to recognise the Vietnam-installed Heng Samrin regime in Kampuchea.

China had criticised the Indian decision at the time, saying it would harm India's status as a

non-aligned nation.

"I do not know when he will be coming, but this year he won't because Mr. Hua is very busy," the Chinese diplomat said. He said the recognition of the Heng Samrin government was not a factor in the decision.

An Indian government spokesman said he was unaware of

any change in Mr. Hua's plans.

"The dates of the visit are under discussion and we have not received definite word from the Chinese side," the official added.

Mr. Hua would be the first Chinese foreign minister to visit India since the two countries went to war in 1962 over a still-unresolved border dispute.

## Quake traps villagers in Nepal

**KATHMANDU, Aug. 6 (R) --** At least 83 people were killed and 700 injured, 164 seriously, in an earthquake that affected about half a million people in far western Nepal last week, according to two journalists who returned from the area today.

After touring the area yesterday

with Prime Minister Surya Bahadur Thapa, they said people were trapped in about 20 villages which had been cut off from the rest of the country.

The villagers might die of hunger or in landslides unless they were evacuated immediately, they said.

Mr. Thapa and his party, who flew over the area, saw huge cracks in hills. They said landslides were feared because of heavy rain.

Of 11 districts hit by the earthquake on July 29, Darchula and Bajhang were the worst affected. All buildings had collapsed or

## Kennedy agrees to reduce convention squabbles President Carter promise 'economic renewal' program

**NEW YORK, Aug. 6 (R) --** President Carter said today he would introduce an "economic renewal" programme which would create millions of jobs, improve the performance of industry and deal with the nation's energy problems.

The president gave the broad outlines of his plan but revealed few details in a speech prepared for delivery to the National Urban League, an organisation which works to improve black job opportunities and housing in cities.

"We will build. We will modernise. We will make the 1980's a decade of sound growth for America," he said in a speech aimed at winning support in industrial urban areas and particularly black slums, heavily hit by the present recession.

Originally Democratic party leaders said Mr. Carter was to have unveiled full details of his economic revitalisation programme today.

But according to administration sources he later decided to delay full details until after the Democratic convention next week to avoid the impression of trying to win party delegate votes.

Literally millions of jobs will be created as we make America's industry more vital and deal with our energy problems," he said.

Mr. Carter said his plan would channel investment into areas where industry has been declining and unemployment is especially high.

New plants would be built for producing alternative energy sources, research would be stimulated, houses and buildings insulated, facilities for exporting coal would be modernised and mass transit expanded.

The president promised that all this would be done without reaching inflation which soared to 18 per cent earlier this year before the administration clamped down and instituted credit controls.

He attacked a Republican Party scheme for a 30 per cent reduction in taxes over three years, calling it "sugar-coated poison" which would offer "rebates to the rich and force inflation to the rest of us."

Trying to cash in on Mr. Carter's economic troubles, Mr. Reagan addressed the Urban League yesterday to try to persuade its members that his programmes would result in more jobs and better housing for blacks.

He was politely applauded, but when he toured the predominantly-black South Bronx area after the meeting he was greeted by hostile demonstrations.

When he was shouted down with taunts of "what are you going to do, tell us," Mr. Reagan yelled back angrily: "I'm trying to tell you."

President Carter and his rival for the Democratic presidential nomination, Senator Edward Kennedy, have agreed to reduce open squabbling at the party convention which could lose the White House in November.

The aim of the agreement, announced last night after weeks of behind-the-scenes negotiation between their aides, is to keep the



U.S. President Jimmy Carter as united as possible the eventual nominee.

For President Carter, to recover his political standing after the loss of the 1976 election to the Libbyan dealmaker brother Billy, the agreement was a necessary step.

It meant that arguments between himself and the would-be debated on television a reasonably orderly fashion would not split the party open.

The statement issued by the men said: "Whatever difficulties we may have, they pale in comparison to our common interests with the Republican nominee (Mr. R. Reagan)."

"Whoever is on our ticket are determined to conclude convention united behind nominees."

## Australia keeps eye on Santo

**SYDNEY, Aug. 6 (AP) --** The Australian government today dispatched three reconnaissance aircraft to the newly-independent Pacific island nation of Vanuatu (previously the New Hebrides) following reports that an unidentified American yacht had landed weapons on the rebel island of Espiritu Santo.

Two Pilatus Porters and a C-130 Hercules transport landed in Port Vila today in response to a request from the Vanuatu government headed by Anglican priest Father Walter Lini, an Australian defence spokesman said.

The single-engine Porters will

carry out patrol duties, he added.

Senior Australian government officials said Father Lini's request was granted after the Associated Press quoted a British officer as saying that the American yacht had landed a quantity of arms on Santo.

The senior officer said his sources told him the arms were supplied by the American based Phoenix Foundation, a shadowy group of right-wing American businessmen who support the breakaway republic of Vemara on Santo.

The yacht, which sailed from Hawaii, may have been carrying M-16 rapid fire rifles the basic infantry weapon of the U.S. army, according to the officer.

The Phoenix Foundation, which seeks to found a tax-free utopia in the Pacific and the Caribbean, has previously supplied money, uniforms and passports to rebel leader Jimmy Stevens.

Mr. Stevens, a tribal chief with supporters armed with 3,000 bows and arrows, has joined forces with about 900 French settlers on the island.

The French want autonomy from the British-orientated government of Vanuatu, which recently gained independence after 74 years of joint rule by Britain and France.

The two nations each have 100 troops on Santo under French command but they have not

moved against the rebels, Father Lini's urging.

The Anglo-French force expected to be withdrawn in weeks.

The Papua New Guinea government was deciding whether to fulfill a request from Father Lini for Papuan troops to replace Anglo-French force.

Australian Foreign Minister Andrew Peacock said in Port Vila during independence celebrations that Australia would consider request for forces from the new government but would not send police rather than troops.

The request for planes to patrol the sea routes to Espiritu Santo is under a blockade by Port Vila government, answered promptly by Australian government.

Canberra government so critical of the British and French failure to end the Santo rebellion said any request for Australian forces would not be approved.

The Papua New Guinea government, spearheaded by the well-regarded Pacific Islands regime trained and equipped Australia.

Nineteen Australians already in Port Vila with Papua New Guinea 100 force sent there for the independence celebrations.

## After poor Brazil, Pope aims at rich W. Germany

**VATICAN CITY, Aug. 6 (Agencies) --** Pope John Paul II will visit West Germany from Nov. 15 to 19, stopping in seven cities, the Vatican announced today.

Vatican spokesman, the Rev. Pierfranco Pastore, said the pontiff will visit Cologne, Bonn, Osnabrueck, Mainz, Fulda, Munich and Aachen, a pilgrimage shrine near the Austrian frontier.

The Pope has already made seven trips out of Italy since his election as pontiff in Oct. 1978, visiting Mexico, his native Poland, Ireland and the United States.

Turkey, six countries in Africa, France and Brazil.

The West German Roman Catholic church is one of the wealthiest in the world and the Pope may issue a call to the faithful to spend more on the poor missions of the Third World.

The church in West Germany is partly financed by income tax deductions on registered Catholics.

In a recent statement the Vatican called on wealthy churches to help poor dioceses and missions around the world.

## Hiroshima mayor proposes 'peace summit'

**HIROSHIMA, Aug. 6 (AP) --** Hiroshima marked the 35th anniversary of the world's first atomic bomb attack today with prayers for the souls of the estimated 140,000 victims of that attack and appeals to the world to work for lasting peace.

About 35,000 people, including representatives of the United Nations disarmament centre, gathered at Memorial Peace Park in the heart of the city to attend the annual memorial service for those who perished in the devastating blast of "Little Boy," the

bomb dropped on the city on Aug. 6, 1945 in the final days of World War II.

At 8:15 a.m., the moment the bomb was dropped from B-25 "Enola Gay," bells were tolled throughout the city and some 2,000 doves scattered into the overcast skies, as participants observed a minute of silent prayer.

Numerous cities throughout Japan also urged citizens to offer prayers and observe moments of silence for the victims of the attack which hastened the end of the war and hurled the world into the nuclear age.

Hiroshima Mayor Takeshi Araki, in his peace declaration at the rites, proposed a "peace summit" of the world's superpowers to bring about the abolition of nuclear weapons.

Mr. Araki said, "conflicts which are going on in the Middle East and southeast Asia, if joined by the superpowers, could develop into full-scale wars."

"We propose that major nations, like the United States and the Soviet Union, gather in a peace meeting to discuss world peace."

The government of Japan should play a leader's role toward it."

In the ceremony, the names of 2,279 people said to have died during the past year from diseases attributed to the bomb and exposure to radiation were placed in the park's cenotaph standing before the blasted out atomic bomb dome, one of the few buildings left standing in the 13,000 ton TNT explosion.

It brought the total identified atomic bomb victims in Hiroshima to 97,964.

Representing Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki, Chief Cabinet Secretary Kiichi Miyazawa told the audience: "We are concerned that nations maintain nuclear arms, and are repeatedly conducting atomic explosion tests. We are determined to abolish all wars and nuclear weapons."

Japan neither maintains a nuclear weapon force nor allows nuclear weapons to be brought into the country by U.S. forces stationed in Japan.

About 10,000 people in Hiroshima to attend the fourth annual world ban-the-bomb conference participated in peace marches.

In a two-day session in Tokyo ending last Sunday, the conference issued an eight-point declaration calling for total disarmament and utmost efforts to prevent nuclear war and abolish nuclear weapons.

As of the end of March there were 371,944 people officially designated by the government as atomic bomb victims, entitling them to free medical care. Of these, about 110,000 live in Hiroshima, a city of 880,000 people today.

Many also still reside in the city of Nagasaki, which will hold memorial services on Saturday for the estimated 70,000 people killed in the second atomic blast on Aug. 9, 1945.

## Soviet leaders and war industry are top U.S. nuclear targets

**WASHINGTON, Aug. 6 (AP) --** U.S. President Jimmy Carter has formally approved a refined nuclear strategy designed to deter a possible Russian attack by making the Soviet-military-industrial complex and Soviet leaders prime targets for U.S. retaliation, U.S. defence officials said yesterday.

The doctrine has been undergoing refinement for about three years evolving from policies under previous administrations aimed at giving a president a wider range of options than destruction of cities.

The policy became official doctrine with the president's signature in recent weeks, said officials who asked to remain anonymous.

Basically, as one official put it, "it makes clear that we have many more choices than Armageddon or surrender," although the United States would retain the fundamental ability to destroy some 200 Soviet cities if all else failed.

U.S. strategists believe that Russian leaders would be deterred from launching any attack if they understood that the United States had the ability and the intention to

knock out "the things the Soviets value most," officials said.

Under this heading, U.S. officials place Soviet war-supporting industry, command bunkers, nuclear storage sites, lines of communication, airfields, missile silos and other vital resources and facilities.

The new doctrine, which U.S. Defence Secretary Harold Brown has called a "countervailing strategy," was first given wide publicity by Mr. James Schlesinger when he was the Nixon administration's defence secretary in 1974.

The policy of "selective targeting" had been part of U.S. nuclear-war planning for many years, but the United States did not have all the necessary sophistication in weaponry to carry out the strategy.

Officials said two new U.S. weapons now under development are vital to the "countervailing strategy."

They said the new MX mobile missile is central to the strategy because it would be designed to survive even a massive Soviet first strike and because it is accurate

enough to strike back and destroy such "hard targets" as reinforced concrete and steel command bunkers and heavily shielded factories, even below ground.

The Cruise missile which would be launched in large numbers from B-52 bombers, is also considered a critical weapon because of its accuracy, the power of its nuclear warhead and because of what American officials believe is likely to be Soviet helplessness to depend against such a weapon.

In summarising the "countervailing strategy" for Congress earlier this year, Mr. Brown said: "We must have forces and plans for the use of our strategic nuclear forces such that in considering aggression against our interests, our adversary would recognise that no plausible outcome would represent a success."

"We have concluded that if deterrence is to be fully effective, the United States must be able to respond at a level appropriate to the type and scale of a Soviet attack. Our goal is to make a Soviet victory as improbable as we can make it, over the broadest plausible range of scenarios."